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Г	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
	10/815,257	03/31/2004	Jennifer Dean	139361-2	7461
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	CANTOR COLBURN LLP			BOYKIN, TERRESSA M	
	55 GRIFFIN RI BLOOMFIELI				PAPER NUMBER
		•		1711	
				DATE MAILED: 01/13/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/815,257	DEAN ET AL.		
Office Action	n Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
		Terressa M. Boykin	1711		
The MAILING DAT Period for Reply	E of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
THE MAILING DATE OF - Extensions of time may be availated after SIX (6) MONTHS from the proof of the period for reply specified at the period for reply is specified. - Failure to reply within the set or expected.	THIS COMMUNICATION. able under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 mailing date of this communication. be above, the maximum statutory period wextended period for reply will, by statute, later than three months after the mailing	IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE date of this communication, even if timely filed	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
2a)⊠ This action is FINA 3)□ Since this applicati	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>25 October 2005</u> . 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
 4) Claim(s) 1,2,4,5 and 9-23 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1,2,4,5 and 9-23 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 					
Application Papers					
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. 					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s)					
 Notice of References Cited (P2) Notice of Draftsperson's Pater Information Disclosure Statem Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5-13-0 	nt Drawing Review (PTO-948) nent(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:			

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Response to Amendment

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-2, 5, 9-23 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-2, 4-5, 9-22 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by USP 5372884 see cols 5 and 6 and claims 1, 2, and 4.

In col. 5 lines 23-29 the reference states that the paper base for the resin coated paper

supports may be made of synthetic fibers or synthetic resins films formed into paper like sheets. It is noted that various additives may be induced in the base paper of the rein coated paper support by adding them at the time of stock preparation which could thus be considered as a "composition" as such. The reference states in col. 5 line 67 that various water-soluble polymers, *antistatic agents* and additives may be contained in the base paper for the resin-coated paper supports by spraying, size press, tab size press or the like. The water-soluble polymers include starch polymers, polyvinyl alcohol polymers, gelatin polymers, polyacrylamide polymers and cellulose polymers mentioned or exemplified in Japanese Patent Kokai (Laid-Open) No. 1-266537. *The* antistatic polymers_include alkali metal salts *such* as *sodium chloride* and *potassium chloride*,

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alkaline earth metal <u>salts</u> such as calcium chloride and barium chloride, colloidal metal oxides such as colloidal silica <u>and organic antistatic agents such as polystyrene-</u>
<u>sulfonates.</u>. Note the laid open document JP Kokai No. 1-266537 as referred to by the reference in col. 6 contains the organic antistatic agent as claimed.

As the resin-coated paper support used preferably in the present invention, effective are those, which comprise a base paper, coated with a film-forming resin on the side on which the ink-receiving layer is to be provided, and especially preferred are those which comprise a base paper coated with a film-forming resin on both sides thereof. The film-forming resins are preferably thermoplastic resins such as polyolefin resins, polycarbonate resins, polyester resins and polyamide resins. More preferred are polyolefin resins from the point of melt-extrusion coatability and especially preferred are polyethylene resins. Alternatively, the base paper may be coated with an electron beam-curable resin.

Thus, in view of the above, there appears to be no significant difference between the reference and that, which is claimed by applicant(s). Note that the structure of the suggested antistatic agent, i.e. organic antistatic agent such as polystyrene-sulfonates, would anticipate the portion of the claims directed to such agent, further the paper resin coated base and paper support having adding therein the antistatic agent would constitute a "composition" having each of the components as claimed note the reference states that Note that the reference states that "[F]or applying the resin layer on the base paper for the resin-coated paper support, a so-called melt-extrusion coating method is preferred, where a molten thermoplastic resin composition extruded from a slit die in a form of film is fed onto the running base paper web covering it entirely.

Temperature of the molten resin film is preferably 280.degree."

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Thus, any differences not specifically mentioned appear to be conventional. Consequently, the claimed invention cannot be deemed as novel and accordingly is unpatentable.

JP 2003-176405 relates to an antistatic polycarbonate resin composition without reducing transparency of mold goods, a hue, and shaping thermal resistance in detail, it excels in the durability of the antistatic engine performance and the antistatic engine performance after dry heat treatment, and the fall of the transparency under an elevated temperature and a high-humidity condition (moist heat treatment) is further related with the antistatic nature polycarbonate resin constituent improved sharply.

The reference discloses an antistatic polycarbonate resin composition which consists of the (A) polycarbonate resin 100 weight section (a component), the benzenesulfonic acid phosphonium salt 0.05 - 5 weight sections (b component) expressed with the (B) following type (I), and (C) perfluoro alkane sulfonic-acid metal salt 0.001 - the 0.8 weight sections (c component).

[Formula 2] $R^{1} \longrightarrow SO_{3} \cdot P \lesssim R^{3}$

Thus, in view of the above, there appears to be no significant difference between the reference and that, which is claimed by applicant(s). Any differences not specifically mentioned appear to be conventional. Consequently, the claimed invention cannot be deemed as novel and accordingly is unpatentable.

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Correspondence

Please note that the cited U.S. patents and patent application publications are available for download via the Office's PAIR. As an alternate source, all U.S. patents and patent application publications are available on the USPTO web site (www.uspto.gov), from the Office of Public Records and from commercial sources. Applicants may be referred to the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at http://www.uspto.gov/ebc/index.html or 1-866-217-9197.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Terressa Boykin whose telephone number is 571 272-1069. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 6:30am to 3:00pm.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306. The general information number for listings of personnel is (571-272-1700).

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free),

tmb

Examiner Terressa Boykin

Primary Examiner